RE Progression of Knowledge

		Outcome		
	KNOWLEDGE	All	Most	Some
Year 3	 Belonging Know and understand the terms belonging and community Know and describe feelings of belonging Describe important features of the school community that help them to belong (e.g. clubs, uniform, competitions, links to the wider community e.g. beach clean etc) Know some important features of a Christian community (e.g. ceremonies, services, key 	Those working towards expectations will: - Identify and describe some feelings of belonging -Describe some important features of the school community that help them belong -Identify some features of a Christian community	Those achieving expectations will: - Identify and describe feelings of belonging -Describe important features of the school community that help them belong -Identify features of a Christian community	Those exceeding expectations will: - Identify and describe a range of feelings of belonging -Describe a range of important features of the school community that help them belong -Identify a range of features of a Christian community
	events, way of life) - Know and describe feelings of belonging that Christians have	Communicate: With support they can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and begin to comment on the lives of others. Enquire: They can talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can begin to simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can begin	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.

	describing in simple terms their value to themselves e.g. what belonging means to me		
Symbolism of Light (Hinduism and Christianity)			
 Describe and understand the concept light (What is light? What is dark? What does it mean to you?) Name events that use light and identify the purpose e.g. fireworks: light creates a sense of awe and wonder/excitement but at funerals light is used for the purpose of comforting. Know and communicate feelings associated with light and dark Describe the meaning of light and knows its importance for Christians and Hindus (through the Light of the World by Holman Hunt and the story of Rama and Sita and the Festival of Divali) 	Those working towards expectations will: - Describe in simple terms the difference between light and darkName some popular events that use light and describe how it makes them feel. e.g. Candles on a birthday cake make me feel happy whereas candles at a funeral make me feel sad -List emotions they feel linked to light and dark - Recall some meanings of light	Those achieving expectations will: - Describe clearly the difference between light and dark - Name a range of events that use light and describe how it makes them feel -List emotions they feel linked to light and dark an show an understanding that people can feel different emotions for the same event -Recall several meanings of light to Christians and Hindus	Those exceeding expectations will: - Describe clearly the difference between light and dark and give examples - Name a range of events that use light and dark and explain how it makes them feel -List emotions they and others feels towards light and dark and draw comparisons -Recall a range of meanings of light to Christians and Hindus
 Skill: Explain how effective light is as symbol to themselves and 	to Christians and Hindus	Communicate: They can	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts.
Christians/Hindus	Communicate: With support they can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and begin to comment on the lives of others.	describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions	Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions.

	Enquire: They can talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can begin to simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can begin evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to themselves e.g. what belonging means to me.	and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.
Messages (Christianity) - Know and understand the term message (What does it mean literally and metaphorically- the message behind the story?) - Describe and identify the messages given in the Parables, the Lord's Prayer and The Sermon on the Mount - Know the messages communicated through the Magi - Know the value of Jesus' messages to Christians and describe how this affects the way they behave - Know how to express a personal response to messages in their own experience (and how delivery of messages has changed over time) Skill: Explain the importance of messages to Christians and give examples of how messages are significant in their own and others' lives and in different situations (e.g. stranger danger)	Those working towards expectations will: - Describe in simple terms the meaning of a literal and metaphorical message - Name some messages given in the Parables, Lord's Prayer and the Sermon on the Mount -Identify some messages given in the Magi -Say how important Jesus's messages are to Christians and how they act as a result - Give examples of messages they've had in their own life and how they have acted accordingly	Those achieving expectations will: - Describe clearly the meaning of a literal and metaphorical message -Name several messages given in the Parables, Lord's prayer and the Sermon on the Mount -Name the messages given through the MagiDescribe the importance of Jesus's messages to Christians and how they act as a result, with examples - Give examples of a range of messages they've had in their own life, how they have acted accordingly and how these	Those exceeding expectations will: - Explain clearly the difference between a literal and metaphorical meaning of the term message -Name and draw comparisons between the messages given in the Parables, Lord's prayer and the Sermon on the MountName the messages given through the Magi and suggest the impact of these -Explain the importance of Jesus's messages to Christians and how they act as a result, giving examples - Give examples of a range of messages they've had in their own life, how they have acted accordingly and how these messages have impacted on them (this to include thinking about any time when a child

- Know the meaning of the word <i>suffering</i>	Those working towards expectations will:	Those achieving expectations will:	Those exceeding expectations will:
Suffering (Christianity) Vegy the magning of the word suffering			
	terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and begin to comment on the lives of others. Enquire: They can talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can begin to simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can begin evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to themselves e.g. what belonging means to me.	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	was sensible and also any time when was of their friends has given them a message that wasn't sensible) Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.
	Communicate: With support they can describe in simple	messages have impacted on them.	hasn't listened and acted accordingly to a message given to them which

- Know examples of suffering and how the idea of suffering affects their lives
- Know examples of suffering and the impact on the lives of others (recall key events and emotions for the Suffragettes, Martin Luther King, Chelsea McClammer)
- Know examples of suffering in Christianity (Jesus on the Cross, Mary (his mother), Mary Magdalen (his friend)
 Pontius Pilate and his disciples)
- Know what the Paschal candle is, how it is used and its significance to Christians
- Know why Jesus dying and the suffering involved is important to Christians

Skill: Explain the significance and impact of suffering in daily life to them and others

- -Describe in simple terms the meaning of the word suffering
- Recall some key events and emotions for Martin Luther King
- -Give some examples of suffering in Christianity e.g Jesus on the Cross and say who suffered
- -Say what the Paschal candle is and how it is used
- Say why Jesus dying is important to Christians

Communicate: With support they can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts.

Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and begin to comment on the lives of others.

Enquire: They can talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions.

Contextualise: They can begin to simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied.

- -Describe the meaning of the word suffering
- -Recall some key events and emotions for Martin Luther King and the suffragettes suffering
- -Give some examples of suffering in Christianity e.g. Jesus on the Cross and say who suffered (e.g. Jesus) and why
- Describe what the Paschal candle is, how it is used and say how important it is to Christians
- Say why Jesus dying and suffering is important to Christians

- -Explain the meaning of the word suffering
- -Recall some key events and emotions for Martin Luther King, the suffragettes and Chelsea McClammer
- Give some examples of suffering in Christianity e.g. Jesus on the cross and explain who suffered (e.g. Jesus, his mother Mary and Mary Magdalen his friend) and why
- -Explain what the Paschal candle is, how it is used and how important it is to Christians.
- -Explain why Jesus dying and suffering is important to Christians

Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions.

Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the

Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions.

Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to

	Evaluate: They can begin evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to themselves e.g. what suffering means to me.	context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.
Good and evil (Hinduism)			
 Know the meaning of good and evil Know the difference between feeling angry and being evil Know how to identify good and evil in the Hindu story: Holika Know ways in which Hindus remember good and evil in the celebration of Holi Know the reasons and importance of celebrating Holi for Hindus Know incidents in their own and others' lives of good and evil Skill: Explain the importance of celebrating good over evil 	Those working towards expectations will: -Can describe in simple the terms the meaning of good and evil Can describe in simple terms the difference between feeling angry and being evil -Can identify good and evil in the Hindu story: Holika -Can give some ways Hindus remember good and evil in the celebration of Holi - Can give some reasons why Hindus celebrate Holi - Can recall incidents in their own life of good and evil Communicate: With support they can describe in simple	Those achieving expectations will: -Describe clearly the meaning of good and evil -Can describe the difference between feeling angry and being evil -Can identify good and evil in the Hindu story: Holika and describe their choices - Can give several ways Hindus remember good and evil in the celebration of Holi -Can give reasons why Hindus celebrate Holi and say why it is important -Can recall incidents in their own and others' lives of good and evil	Those exceeding expectations will: -Explain clearly the meaning of good and evil and give examples -Can explain the difference between feeling angry and being evil - Can identify good and evil in the Hindu story: Holika and explain their choices - Can give a range of ways Hindus remember good and evil in the celebration of Holi -Can give reasons why Hindus celebrate Holi and explain the significance - Can recall a range of incidents in their own and others' lives of good and evil
	terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

lives and begin to comment on Enquire: Pupils can describe key responses relate to their own the lives of others. lives and the lives of others. concepts that are common to many Enquire: They can talk about Enquire: They can identify and religions and that are used in the concepts that are common to talk about concepts that are study of religions. many religions and used in the Contextualise: They can describe common to many religions study of religions. and used in the study of how these concepts are Contextualise: They can begin religions. contextualised within some of the to simply describe ways in Contextualise: They can simply beliefs and practises of the religion describe ways in which these studied. which these concepts are Evaluate: They can evaluate the expressed in the context of the concepts are expressed in the practises of the religion context of the practises of the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and studied. religion studied. Evaluate: They can begin Evaluate: They can evaluate describing and issue raised evaluate the concepts by the concepts by describing in describing in simple terms their simple terms their value to believers and by talking about value to themselves an issue raised. Protection (Hinduism) -Know the meaning of protection and offer a Those exceeding expectations will Those working towards Those achieving expectations personal response -Explain simply the meaning of expectations will: will: - Know what protection means to other people protection and offer a personal -Describe clearly the meaning - Describe in simple terms the - Know how the Hindu God Hindra protected the response meaning of protection and of protection and offer a - Explain simply what protection earth in the Hindu story: The Sky Indra personal response offer a personal response -Know the ways in which protection is expressed means to other people - Describe in simple terms what -Describe clearly what by Hindus at Raksha Bandhan -Explain simply how the God Hindra protection means to other protection means to other -Know the value of celebrating protection for protected the earth people. people -Give ways in which protection is Hindus -Describe in simple terms how -Describe how the God Hindra expressed by Hindus at Raksha the God Hindra protected the protected the earth Skill: Explain the importance of protection to Bandhan. earth - Give ways in which - Explain simply why Hindus Hindus - Can give some ways in which protection is expressed by protection is expressed by celebrate protection, giving a range Hindus at Raksha Bandhan. of reasons. Hindus at Raksha Bandhan Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts.

		Communicate: With support they can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and begin to comment on the lives of others. Enquire: They can talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can begin to simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can begin evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to themselves	- Can give a range of reasons why Hindus celebrate protection Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised
Year 4	<u>Temptation (Christianity)</u> - Know what temptation means	Those working towards	Those achieving expectations	Those exceeding expectations will
	 Describe how Christians believe that Jesus was tempted (the three acts by the devil in the desert, tempt with food, tempt with 	expectations will:	will:	- Describe what temptation means, giving examples to
	kingdoms of the world, tempt him to jump off the top and be saved by God)	 Describe in simple terms temptation means 	- Describe what temptation means	develop definition

- Know how Christians make the right choices when tempted
- Know why it is important for Christians to recognise that Jesus was tempted
- Describe situations when people might be tempted
- With support, describe how Christians believe that Jesus was tempted in the desert
- Describe in simple terms how they feel when they are tempted
- With support, describe why it is important for Christians to recognise that Jesus was tempted
- Describe a situation when people might be tempted

Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to

- Describe how Christians believe that Jesus was tempted in the desert
- Describe how they feel when they are tempted
- Describe why it is important for Christians to recognise that Jesus was tempted
- Describe situations when people might be tempted

Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions.

Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing

- Describe how Christians believe that Jesus was tempted in the desert
- Describe how they feel when they are tempted using a range of emotions to communicate clearly
- Describe why it is important for Christians to recognise that Jesus was tempted
- Describe a range of situations when people might be tempted

Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept.

Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.

Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.

Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.

	believers and by talking about an issue raised.	their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	
Holy (Christianity)			
 Know the meaning of holy Know how to describe the relationship between Mary and Jesus and the symbolism behind the artistic representation (e.g symbolism of light and colours) Know ways in which the concept holy is presented in paintings and statues Know the story of the annunciation and why Mary and Jesus are special Know the different places where Christian use the image of Mary and Jesus -crib scenes, Christmas Cards, in churches, stained glass windows Skill: Explain simply why the image of Mary and Jesus is important to Christians 	Those working towards expectations will: - Can describe in simple terms the meaning of holy -Can describe the relationship between Mary and Jesus in simple terms and describe some ways this is represented through art -Know some ways artists represent the concept holy - Can retell the story of the annunciation and birth of Jesus in simple terms -Can name some different places where Christians use the image of Mary and Jesus	Those achieving expectations will: -Describe clearly the meaning of the word holy - Describe clearly the relationship between Mary and Jesus and describe ways this is represented through art - Know some ways artists represent the concept holy and their individual meaning - Can retell the story of the annunciation and birth of Jesus concisely - Can name a range of different places where Christians use the image of Mary and Jesus	Those exceeding expectations will - Explain clearly the meaning of the word holy - Describe clearly the relationship between Mary and Jesus precisely and draw comparisons with how this has been presented though art - Know a range of ways artists represent the concept holy and their individual meaning - Can retell the story of the annunciation and birth of Jesus concisely with appropriate detail - Can name a range of different places where Christians use the image of Mary and Jesus and explain their purpose Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.
	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.	

	common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.
Worship (Christianity and Hinduism)			
- Know the meaning of worship -Know different parts of the Church and their significance and role in Christian Worship - Know the different parts of a temple (in particular the shrine) and their significance and role in Hindu Worship - Know some Hindu gods and their symbolism and significance for Hindus during worship -Know how some of artefacts are used in Christian and Hindu worshipKnow ways in which different people create an opportunity for quiet reflection Skill: Explain the significance/importance of worship to Christians and Hindus	Those working towards expectations will: -Can describe in simple terms the meaning of worship - Know some different parts of a church and their role in worship -Know some different parts of a temple and their role in worship -Know some Hindu gods and describe their symbolism -Name some artefacts used in Christian and Hindu worship - Know same ways people in which people reflect quietly.	Those achieving expectations will: -Can describe clearly the meaning of worship - Can name a range of different parts of a church and their role in worship - Know a range of different parts of a temple and their role in worship - Know a selection of Hindu gods, their symbolism and describe why they are important during worship - Name some artefacts and describe how they are used in Christianity and Hinduism	Those exceeding expectations will -Can explain the meaning of worship - Can name a range of different parts of a church, their role and significance in worship -Know a range of different parts of a temple, their role and significance in worship - Know a range of Hindu gods, their symbolism and significance in Hindu worship -Name a range of artefacts and explain how they are used in Christianity and Hinduism -Know a range of ways different people use to reflect quietly.

	(Christianity and Hinduism)	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised.	-Know some ways different people use to reflect quietly. Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.
	now the meaning of devotion	Those working towards	Those achieving expectations	Those exceeding expectations will
	now ways Christians show devotion to	expectations will:	will:	- Can explain the meaning of
	od	- Can describe in simple terms	-Can describe clearly the	devotion with examples
- K	now ways Hindus show devotion to God	the meaning of devotion	meaning of devotion	 Know a range of ways Christians and Hindus show

- Know the meaning of some of the artefacts used in Christian and Hindu devotion.
- Know the importance of devotion to Christians and Hindus

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Skill: Explain the significance of devotion to everyone

- -Know some ways Christians show devotion to God
- Know some ways Hindus show devotion to God
- -Know the meaning of some of the artefacts used in Christian and Hindu devotion.
- Can describe in simple terms the importance of devotion to Christians and Hindus

- Know a range of ways Christians show devotion to God

- Know a range of ways Hindus show devotion to God
- -Know the meaning of a range of artefacts used in Christian and Hindu devotion
- Can describe clearly the importance of devotion to Christians and Hindus

devotion to God and draw comparisons.

- Know the meaning of a range of artefacts and how they are used in Christian and Hindu devotion
- Can explain the importance of devotion to Christians and Hindus

Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate

the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised

Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their

examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions.

Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by

Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept.

Apply: They can explain examples of

how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.

Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.

Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.

		identifying and describing and issue raised.	
Myth (Hinduism)		1	l
 Know the meaning of myth Know how to retell the myth: Krishna and the serpent Know the themes and beliefs expressed in Krishna and the serpent, Mahabharata and the story Rama and Sita. Know the core beliefs of Hinduism Know how to evaluate the concept myth by describing the value of myth to believers Skill: Explain the importance of myths to Hindus	Those working towards expectations will: -Can describe simply the meaning of myth - Can re-tell the myth: Krishna and the serpent with support -Know some themes and beliefs expressed in the story Rama and Sita - Can name some core beliefs of Hinduism - Can say how important the value of myth is to believers	Those achieving expectations will: -Can describe clearly the meaning of myth - Can re-tell the myth: Krishna and the serpent - Know some themes and beliefs expressed in the story of Rama and Sita and the Mahabharata. - Can name a range of core beliefs for Hindus -Can describe how important	Those exceeding expectations will - Can explain the meaning of myth - Can re-tell the myth: Krishna and the serpent concisely with appropriate detail. - Know range of themes and beliefs expressed in the story of Rama and Sita and the Mahaharata. - Can name a range of core beliefs for Hindus - Can explain the importance
	Communicate: They can	the value of myth is to believers.	of the value of myth to believers
	describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied.	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions.	Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and

	Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised	Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	describing some issues which they raise.
Symbol (Christianity)			
 Know the meaning of symbol Know the ways trees and stones are used as symbols in Christianity (using stimulus: The tale of the three trees and the symbol of stone) Know the value of trees and stones as symbols to Christians Know the value of symbols to others (gem stones, mood stones, souvenirs, symbols in daily life etc) Skill: Explain the important of symbols to 	Those working towards expectations will: - Describe in simple terms the meaning of symbol - Know some ways trees and stones are used as symbols in Christianity - Can describe in simple terms some value trees and stones have to Christians -Can describe in simple terms some value others have	Those achieving expectations will: -Describe clearly the meaning of symbol - Know a range of ways trees and stones are used as symbols in Christianity - Can describe clearly some value trees and stones have to Christians - Can describe clearly some value others have	Those exceeding expectations will -Explain the meaning of symbol - Know a range of ways trees and stones are used as symbols in Christianity and draw comparisons - Can explain the value of trees and stones to Christians, giving examples - Can explain the value symbols have to others
Christians	Communicate: They can describe in simple terms their responses to these concepts. Apply: They can identify simple examples of how their responses relate to their own lives and the lives of others.	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.	Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.

		Enquire: They can identify and talk about concepts that are common to many religions and used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can simply describe ways in which these concepts are expressed in the context of the practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing in simple terms their value to believers and by talking about an issue raised	Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.
Year 5 Interpretat	ion (Islam and Christianity)		I	
-Know how light, sheph -Know how and sustain nothing and forgivin lesson)Know and interpretati	christians interpret God (as a father, erd and the trinity) Muslims interpret God (as the creator er of the universe, who is similar to do no-one is comparable to Him, caring and just (so evil doers must learn a describe the value of believers' ons of God.	Those working towards expectations will: - Can describe in simple terms the meaning of interpretation - Know in simple terms how Christians interpret God as a father, light, shepherd and the trinity -Know in simple terms how Muslims interpret God (as the creator and sustainer of the universe) - Can say how important these interpretations are to believers Communicate: They can describe their own responses	Those achieving expectations will: - Can describe clearly the meaning of interpretation - Know how Christians interpret God as a father, light, shepherd and the trinity in some detail -Know how Muslims interpret God (as the creator and sustainer of the universe) in some detail - Can describe clearly how important these interpretations are to believers	- Can explain the meaning of interpretation - Know how Christians interpret God as a father, light, shepherd and the trinity and draw comparisons - Know how Muslims interpret God (as the creator and sustainer of the universe) in some detail including the element of justice - Can explain how important these interpretations are to believers They can explain their own responses to religious concepts.

	Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others. They can explain some connections between different concepts. They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.
- Know the meaning of remembrance	These working towards	These ashioving avecatations	Those exceeding expectations will
 Name events that should be remembered and their significance (e.g. World War, Grenfel Tower, Twin towers etc) Know how to describe the ways that Christians remember the dead through funerals 	Those working towards expectations will: -Can describe in simple terms the meaning of Remembrance -Name some events that should be remembered	Those achieving expectations will: -Can describe clearly the meaning of Remembrance -Name events that should be remembered and explain why - Describe clearly the ways Christians remember the dead	-Can explain the meaning of Remembrance -Name a range of events that should be remembered and explain why - Explain how Christians remember the dead

- Know the ways that Britain remembers the soldiers who lost their lives in the war.
- Know some of the features of Remembrance Day and show empathy with the sorrow of the loved soldiers left behind

Skill: Explain the importance of acts of Remembrance to people

- Describe in simple terms the ways Christians remember the dead
- Name some ways Britain remembers the soldiers who lost their lives in the war.
- -Know some of the features of Remembrance day
- Name ways Britain remembers the soldiers who lost their lives in the war -Know some of the features of Remembrance day and show empathy

Communicate: They can

Apply: They can explain

examples of how their

and lives of others.

the concept.

explain their own response to

responses to the concepts can

be applied in their own lives

Enquire: They can describe

- Explain Britain remembers the soldiers who lost their lives in the war
- -Know a range of features of Remembrance day and show empathy

Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts.

Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate

the concepts by describing

issue raised.

their value to believers and by

identifying and describing and

some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.
Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied.
Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by

identifying and describing

some issues which they raise.

They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others.

They can explain some connections between different concepts.

They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed.

They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.

Stewardship (Christianity and Islam)

- -Know the meaning of stewardship
- -Know the messages behind 'Brother, Sister, Eagle, Sky'
- -Know the message behind the quote, 'Everywhere, Everywhere, Everywhere'
- -Know the importance and relevance of stewardship to Muslims (through the Islamic creation story)
- Know the importance and relevance of stewardship to Christians (through the Christian creation story)

Skill: Explain the importance of stewardship in looking after the world we live in

Those working towards expectations will:

- -Describe in simple terms the meaning of stewardship
- Describe in simple terms the messages behind 'Brother, Sister, Eagle, Sky'
- Describe in simple terms the message behind the quote, 'Everywhere, Everywhere, Everywhere'
- Can describe in simple terms the Islamic creation story and suggest why stewardship is important to Muslims
- Can describe in simple terms the Christian creation story and suggest why stewardship is important to Christians

Those achieving expectations will:

- -Describe clearly the meaning of stewardship
- Describe clearly the messages behind 'Brother, Sister, Eagle, Sky'
- Describe clearly the message behind the quote, 'Everywhere, Everywhere, Everywhere'
- Can describe clearly the Islamic creation story and suggest why stewardship is important to Muslims
- Can describe clearly the Christian creation story and suggest why stewardship is important to Christians

- Those exceeding expectations will -Explain the meaning of stewardship
- Explain the messages behind 'Brother, Sister, Eagle, Sky'
- Explain the message behind the quote, 'Everywhere, Everywhere, Everywhere'
- Can describe the Islamic creation story and explain why stewardship is important to Muslims
- Can describe the Christian creation story and explain why stewardship is important to Christians

They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others.

They can explain some connections between different concepts. They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed.

They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.

Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe

examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others.

Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts

Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept.

Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.

Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.

	are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	
Ritual (Islam)			
-Know the meaning of ritual -Know the key features of Islamic prayer (Salat) -Know how prayer is used as a ritual by Muslims and why they value it - Know the key features of Wudu and why they value this ritual -Know the key features of Eid-ul-Fitr and why they value this ritual - know rituals they take part in in their own life (including feelings) and can explain their importance Skill: Explain the importance of rituals to Muslims and themselves	Those working towards expectations will: - Can describe in simple terms the meaning of ritual -Name some of the key features of Islamic prayer (Salat) - Describe in simple terms how prayer is used as a ritual -Name some of the key features of Wudu -Name some of the key features of Eid-ul-Fitr -Identify some feelings associated with rituals	Those achieving expectations will: - Can describe clearly the meaning of ritual -Name the key features of Islamic prayer (Salat) - Describe clearly how prayer is used as a ritual and say why it is important -Name the key features of Wudu and say why it is important -Name some of the key features of Eid-ul-Fitr and why it is important	Those exceeding expectations will -Can explain the meaning of ritual -Name the key features of Islamic prayer (Salat) - Explain how prayer is used as a ritual and why it is important -Name the key features of Wudu and explain why it is important -Name some of the key features of Eid-ul-Fitr and explain why it is important -Identify some feelings associated with rituals and explain their importance
	Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be,	-Identify some feelings associated with rituals and describe their importance	They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others. They can explain some connections between different concepts.

	applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.
Justice (Christianity and Islam)			
 Know the meaning of justice Know the importance of justice in Christian (the Prodigal son) and Muslim (Justice for All) stories Know how to describe the value of justice to Christians and Muslims Know how justice can be applied in own and others' lives Skill: Explain the importance of justice in our own lives 	Those working towards expectations will: - Describe in simple terms the meaning of justice -With support, show an understanding of justice in Christianity (The Prodigal son) and Muslin (Justice for all) stories - Describe in simple terms the value of justice to Christians and Muslims	Those achieving expectations will: - Describe clearly the meaning of justice -Show an understanding of justice in Christianity (The Prodigal son) and Muslin (Justice for all) stories - Describe clearly the value of justice to Christians and Muslims	Those exceeding expectations will - Explain the meaning of justice -Confidently show an understanding of justice in Christianity (The Prodigal son) and Muslin (Justice for all) stories - Explain the value of justice to Christians and Muslims - Explain how justice can be applied in their own life and others

- Describe in simple terms how justice can be applied in their own life. Communicate: They can describe their own responses to the concepts. Apply: They can describe examples of how their responses are, or can be, applied in their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: Pupils can describe key concepts that are common to many religions and that are used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can describe how these concepts are contextualised within some of the beliefs and practises of	- Describe clearly how justice can be applied in their own life. Communicate: They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others. Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied. Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the	They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others. They can explain some connections between different concepts. They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.
the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	

Umma (Islam) -Know the meaning of Umma Those exceeding expectations will Those working towards Those achieving expectations - Know how to describe how aspects of expectations will: will: -Explain the meaning of Umma Muslim practice and belief develop a sense of -Describe clearly the meaning -Explain how aspects of Muslim -Describe in simple terms the Umma (through smaller concepts: Haj and Zakat) meaning of Umma of Umma practice and belief develop a sense - Know the value of Umma to Muslims -With support, describe in -Describe clearly how aspects of Umma - Know ways Umma affects daily life simple terms how aspects of of Muslim practice and belief -Explain the value of Umma to - Know communities that would be beneficial Muslim practice and belief develop a sense of Umma Muslims to be a part of and communities that would not develop a sense of Umma -Describe clearly the value of -Explain ways Umma affects daily life -Name a range communities that -Describe in simple terms the **Umma to Muslims** Skill: Explain the importance of Umma to Hindus value of Umma to Muslims -Describe clearly ways Umma would be beneficial to be a part of and the significance in taking part in Haj and -Describe in simple terms ways affects daily life and communities that would not and Zakat. Umma affects daily life -Name communities that justify choices -Name some communities that would be beneficial to be a would be beneficial to be a part of and communities that part of and communities that would not and explain choices They can explain their own would not responses to religious concepts. They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, Communicate: They can or would, affect their own lives and Communicate: They can the lives of others. describe their own responses explain their own response to They can explain some connections the concept. to the concepts. Apply: They can explain between different concepts. Apply: They can describe They can accurately contextualise examples of how their examples of how their responses to the concepts can them within key beliefs and practises responses are, or can be, be applied in their own lives of the religion in which they are applied in their own lives and and lives of others. expressed. the lives of others. They can evaluate the concepts by Enquire: They can describe Enquire: Pupils can describe explaining their value to believers some key concepts that are key concepts that are common particular to the specific and by identifying and explaining to many religions and that are religions studied. some important issues which they used in the study of religions. Contextualise: They can Contextualise: They can raise.

describe how these concepts

are contextualised within some

explain how these concepts

are contextualised within the

		of the beliefs and practises of the religion studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by describing their value to believers and by identifying and describing and issue raised.	beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	
Year 6	Risalat (Islam)			
	-Know the meaning of Risalat and prophet -Know why Muhammad is accepted as the last prophet of Islam - Know emotions that Muhammad may have felt during the Night of Power - Know the 5 pillars of Islam and their significance -Know how Muhammad's sayings can affect how a Muslim lives their life Skill: Explain the significance of Muhammad and his messages today	Those working towards expectations will: -Describe in simple terms the meaning of Risalat and prophet -Describe is simple terms why Muhammad is accepted as the last prophet of Islam - Name some emotions that Muhammad may have felt during the Night of Power -Name some of the 5 pillars of Islam - Suggest in simple terms how Muhammad's sayings can affect how a Muslim lives their life.	Those achieving expectations will: -Describe clearly the meaning of Risalat and prophet -Describe clearly why Muhammad is accepted as the last prophet of Islam - Name a range emotions that Muhammad may have felt during the Night of Power -Name the 5 pillars of Islam and describe why they are important - Suggest clearly how Muhammad's sayings can affect how a Muslim lives their life.	Explain the meaning of Risalat and prophet -Explain clearly why Muhammad is accepted as the last prophet of Islam - Name a range emotions that Muhammad may have felt during the Night of Power and explain their choices -Name the 5 pillars of Islam and explain why they are important - Explain how Muhammad's sayings can affect how a Muslim lives their life.
		Communicate :They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can	Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. Apply: They can explain significant examples of how	Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts with a justification for their response Apply: They can give well-chosen examples of how their responses would affect their own lives, those of others, and wider society

		be applied in their own lives	their responses do, or would,	Enquire: Students can give more
		and lives of others.	affect their own lives and the	detailed explanations of a range of
		Enquire: They can describe	lives of others.	key concepts specific to the religions
		some key concepts that are	Enquire: They can explain	studied.
		particular to the specific	some connections between	Contextualise: Children can
		religions studied.	different concepts.	accurately contextualise the key
		Contextualise: They can explain	Contextualise: They can	concepts within key beliefs and
		how these concepts are	accurately contextualise them	practises of the religion in which
		contextualised within the	within key beliefs and	they are expressed, and explain
		beliefs and practises of the	practises of the religion in	connections between different
		religions studied.	which they are expressed.	concepts.
		Evaluate: They can evaluate	Evaluate: They can evaluate	Evaluate: They can evaluate the
ļ		the concepts by explaining	the concepts by explaining	concepts by giving more detailed
		their value to believers and by	their value to believers and by	explanations of their value to
		identifying and describing	identifying and explaining	believers and by explaining
		some issues which they raise.	some important issues which	significant issues they raise.
		·	they raise.	
			,	
	Imagery (Christianity)			
	 Know the meaning of the term imagery, 	Those working towards	Those achieving expectations	Those exceeding expectations will
	stereotype and angel	expectations will:	will:	
	 Know how to draw comparisons between 	Describe in simple terms the	- Describe the meaning of the	- Describe clearly the meaning of the
	the imagery created by different	meaning of the term imagery,	term imagery, stereotype and	term imagery, stereotype and angel
	celebrities	stereotype and angel	angel	-Describe clearly imagery created by
	- Know similarities and differences between	-Describe some imagery	-Describe imagery created by	different celebrities linked to
	angels (Islamic and Christian)	created by different celebrities	different celebrities	behaviour
	- Know how the imagery of angels is	-Know some similarities and	-Know a range of similarities	-Know a range of similarities and
	significant in the Nativity story	differences between angels	and differences between	differences between angels and
		-Give some reasons why the	angels	make clear comparisons
		·		
ı	Skill: Explain the importance of imagery and its	imagery of angels is important	-Give reasons why the imagery	I -Give a range of reasons why the
	Skill: Explain the importance of imagery and its influence in daily life	imagery of angels is important in the Nativity story	-Give reasons why the imagery of angels is important in the	-Give a range of reasons why the imagery of angels is important in the
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	imagery of angels is important in the Nativity story	of angels is important in the Nativity story	imagery of angels is important in the Nativity story
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		of angels is important in the	imagery of angels is important in the
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		of angels is important in the	imagery of angels is important in the
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		of angels is important in the	imagery of angels is important in the

Communicate: They can Communicate: They can explain their own response to explain their own responses to Communicate: They can explain their religious concepts. own responses to religious concepts the concept. Apply: They can explain Apply: They can explain with a justification for their response examples of how their significant examples of how Apply: They can give well-chosen responses to the concepts can their responses do, or would, examples of how their responses be applied in their own lives affect their own lives and the would affect their own lives, those of lives of others. and lives of others. others, and wider society Enquire: They can describe Enquire: They can explain Enquire: Students can give more detailed explanations of a range of some connections between some key concepts that are particular to the specific different concepts. key concepts specific to the religions religions studied. Contextualise: They can studied. Contextualise: They can explain accurately contextualise them Contextualise: Children can how these concepts are within key beliefs and accurately contextualise the key practises of the religion in concepts within key beliefs and contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the which they are expressed. practises of the religion in which religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate they are expressed, and explain Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining connections between different the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by concepts. Evaluate: They can evaluate the their value to believers and by identifying and explaining identifying and describing concepts by giving more detailed some important issues which explanations of their value to some issues which they raise. they raise. believers and by explaining significant issues they raise. **Ceremony (Christianity and Islam)** Know the meaning of the term ceremony Those exceeding expectations will Those working towards Those achieving expectations **Know how Christians and Muslims** -Explain the meaning of the term expectations will: will: perform death ceremonies -Describe in simple terms the -Describe clearly the meaning ceremony Know the importance of death meaning of the term ceremony of the term ceremony -Explain how Christians and Muslims ceremonies to Christians and Muslims -Describe in simple terms how -Describe clearly how perform death ceremonies Know how to identify simple examples of -Explain the importance of death **Christians and Muslims Christians and Muslims** how the idea of death ceremonies affects perform death ceremonies perform death ceremonies ceremonies to Christians and their lives and the lives of others -Describe clearly, the -Describe in simple terms the Muslims - Identify different parts of the Church and importance of death importance of death their significance and role in Christian Worship ceremonies to Christians and ceremonies to Christians and Muslims Muslims

- Identify different parts of a temple and th significance and role in Christian Worship	eir -Describe in simple terms how death ceremonies affect their lives	-Describe clearly how death ceremonies affect their lives and others	-Explain how death ceremonies affect their lives and others
Skill: Explain the importance of death ceremoni in people's lives		Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. Apply: They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the lives of others. Enquire: They can explain some connections between different concepts. Contextualise: They can accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.	Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts with a justification for their response Apply: They can give well-chosen examples of how their responses would affect their own lives, those of others, and wider society Enquire: Students can give more detailed explanations of a range of key concepts specific to the religions studied. Contextualise: Children can accurately contextualise the key concepts within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed, and explain connections between different concepts. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by giving more detailed explanations of their value to believers and by explaining significant issues they raise.
Resurrection (Christianity)			
- Know the meaning of resurrection	Those working towards	Those achieving expectations	Those exceeding expectations will
- Recall the story of the resurrection	expectations will:	will:	-Explain the meaning of resurrection
- Know how the empty cross is a symbol resurrection for Christians		-Describe clearly the meaning of resurrection	-Recall the story of resurrection with appropriate detail

 Know how responses to resurrection affect the way people live

Skill: Explain their personal response to: Is death the end?

-With support, recall the story of resurrection

-Describe in simple terms how the empty cross is a symbol of resurrection for Christians

-With support, suggest how people's responses to resurrection affect the way they live -Recall the story of resurrection

-Describe clearly how the empty cross is a symbol of resurrection for Christians

-Suggest how people's responses to resurrection affect the way they live, giving examples

-Explain how the empty cross is a symbol of resurrection for Christians -Explain how people's responses to resurrection affect the way they live, giving examples

Communicate :They can explain their own response to the concept.

Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.

Enquire: They can describe some key concepts that are particular to the specific religions studied.

Contextualise: They can explain how these concepts are contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.

Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts.

Apply: They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would, affect their own lives and the

Enquire: They can explain some connections between different concepts.
Contextualise: They can

lives of others.

they raise.

accurately contextualise them within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which

Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts with a justification for their response Apply: They can give well-chosen examples of how their responses would affect their own lives, those of others, and wider society Enquire: Students can give more detailed explanations of a range of key concepts specific to the religions studied.

Contextualise: Children can accurately contextualise the key concepts within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed, and explain connections between different concepts.

Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by giving more detailed explanations of their value to believers and by explaining significant issues they raise.

Laws (Christianity) Know what people mean by laws and how Those exceeding expectations will Those working towards Those achieving expectations they compare with rights and rules. expectations will: will: Know the rule Jesus broke and its -Describe clearly what people -Explain clearly what people mean as -Explain what people mean as significance to Christianity (linked to the mean as laws laws laws Sabbath) -With support, suggest how -Suggest how these laws -Confidently Suggest how these laws Know the value of Jesus' and Christians' these laws compare to rights compare to rights and rules compare to rights and rules attitude to laws and wider issues about and rules -Explain the rule Jesus broke -Explain clearly the rule Jesus broke and its significance to Christianity laws -Describe clearly the rule Jesus and its importance to Know the value of laws personally and the broke and its importance to - Explain clearly the importance of Christianity concept if law breaking - Explain the importance of Jesus's and Christians' attitude to Christianity Know the value of laws and law breaking - Describe clearly the Jesus's and Christians' attitude laws and link these to wider issues to other people in society importance of Jesus's and to laws and link these to wider about laws -Explain clearly what law and law Christians' attitude to laws issues about laws -Describe clearly what law and -Explain what law and law breaking means to me -Explain clearly what laws and law law breaking means to me breaking means to me Skill: Explain the importance of following rules and -Describe clearly what laws and -Explain what laws and law breaking means to other people. laws law breaking means to other breaking means to other people. people. Communicate: They can Communicate: They can explain their own response to Communicate: They can explain their explain their own responses to own responses to religious concepts the concept. Apply: They can explain religious concepts. with a justification for their response examples of how their Apply: They can explain Apply: They can give well-chosen responses to the concepts can significant examples of how examples of how their responses be applied in their own lives their responses do, or would, would affect their own lives, those of others, and wider society and lives of others. affect their own lives and the Enquire: They can describe lives of others. Enquire: Students can give more

some key concepts that are

Contextualise: They can explain

particular to the specific

how these concepts are

religions studied.

Enquire: They can explain

different concepts.

Contextualise: They can

some connections between

accurately contextualise them

detailed explanations of a range of

Contextualise: Children can

accurately contextualise the key

studied.

key concepts specific to the religions

	contextualised within the beliefs and practises of the religions studied. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and describing some issues which they raise.	within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by explaining their value to believers and by identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.	concepts within key beliefs and practises of the religion in which they are expressed, and explain connections between different concepts. Evaluate: They can evaluate the concepts by giving more detailed explanations of their value to believers and by explaining significant issues they raise.
Peace (Islam)			
- Know the meaning of peace -Know the significance of peace through submission for Muslims - Know key features of Sawm, Festival of Eid and Revelation of the Quran - Know how to give examples of how peace affects the way they and others behave Skill: Explain the importance of peace to Muslims	Those working towards expectations will: -Describe in simple terms the meaning of peace -Describe simply the importance of peace through the submission for Muslims - Know some key features of Sawm - Know some examples of how peace affects the way they behave	Those achieving expectations will: -Explain simply the meaning of peace -Explain simply the importance of peace through the submission for Muslims - Know some key features of Sawm, Festival of Eid and Revelation of the Quran - Know some examples of how peace affects the way they behave and others behave	Those exceeding expectations will -Explain the meaning of peace -Explain the importance of peace through the submission for Muslims - Know a range of key features of Sawm, Festival of Eid and Revelation of the Quran - Give a range of examples of how peace affects the way they behave and others behave Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts with a justification for their response Apply: They can give well-chosen examples of how their responses would affect their own lives, those of others, and wider society Enquire: Students can give more detailed explanations of a range of key concepts specific to the religions studied.
	Communicate :They can explain their own response to the concept. Apply: They can explain examples of how their responses to the concepts can be applied in their own lives and lives of others.	Communicate: They can explain their own responses to religious concepts. Apply: They can explain significant examples of how their responses do, or would,	

Contextualise: Children can Enquire: They can describe affect their own lives and the some key concepts that are lives of others. accurately contextualise the key particular to the specific Enquire: They can explain concepts within key beliefs and religions studied. some connections between practises of the religion in which they are expressed, and explain Contextualise: They can explain different concepts. connections between different how these concepts are Contextualise: They can contextualised within the accurately contextualise them concepts. Evaluate: They can evaluate the beliefs and practises of the within key beliefs and religions studied. practises of the religion in concepts by giving more detailed Evaluate: They can evaluate which they are expressed. explanations of their value to the concepts by explaining Evaluate: They can evaluate believers and by explaining their value to believers and by the concepts by explaining significant issues they raise. identifying and describing their value to believers and by some issues which they raise. identifying and explaining some important issues which they raise.